

11 Most Beautiful Castles in Germany

1. Heidelberg Castle

Heidelberg palace is arranged on slope, and overwhelms the perspective of the old focal point of Heidelberg. It has had a long and tempestuous history since the most punctual palace structure was worked in the thirteenth century. Having been completely obliterated amid the Thirty Years War, and later by the French in the seventeenth century, the palace was struck by lightning in 1764 and even its stones were taken to manufacture new houses in Heidelberg. All the ensuing remaking has prompted an assortment of design styles which adds to the palace's appeal.

2. Inzlingen Castle

Inzlingen Castle is a medieval mansion encompassed by a canal situated in the specific south-west of Germany exactly at the Swiss outskirts. The starting points of the stronghold can't be obviously dated; the principal composed proof dates to 1511. In the nineteenth century it was utilized as a homestead house. Since 1978 it works as the city lobby of Inzlingen. There is additionally an eatery inside the mansion.

3. Lichtenstein Castle

Lichtenstein Castle is one of the [oldest castles in Germany](#). Lichtenstein Castle is arranged on a precipice at the foot of the Swabian Alb. A manor remained here as right on time as the twelfth century, yet fell into dilapidation until the point when the current mansion was worked in the nineteenth century to respect the medieval knights of Lichtenstein. Available by a stone extension extending to another slope, the château contains an expansive gathering of memorable weapons and defensive layer.

4. Schloss Heiligenberg

Schloss Heiligenberg is a Renaissance-style mansion found north of the Bodensee. It is possessed by the Fürstenberg family and is sited on a high level, with shocking perspectives down onto the Bodensee and the Alps. Through a marriage in 1516, the burgh goes to the place of Fürstenberg in 1535. It is as yet possessed by that family today.

5. Sigmaringen Castle

Arranged in the Swabian Alb, the Sigmaringen Castle commands the horizon of the town of Sigmaringen. The palace was remade following a fire in 1893, and just the towers of the prior medieval post remain. Toward the finish of World War II, the palace was quickly the seat of the Vichy French Government after France was freed by the Allies. The château and historical centers might be visited consistently, however just on guided visits.

6. Frankenstein Castle

Frankenstein Castle has been around since the thirteenth century, however it wasn't until the point when Mary Shelley thought of her gothic novel Frankenstein in 1818 that the mansion went up against unnerving measurements, however legend has it the château has been spooky for a considerable length of time. Legend likewise has it that an early occupant kicked the bucket here in the wake of doing fight with a monster. Situated on a slope sitting above Darmstadt in southern Germany, the manor today has one of the greatest Halloween celebrations in Europe.

7. Ehrenfels Castle

The demolished Ehrenfels Castle is situated on the lofty eastern bank over the Rhine Gorge in the midst of expanded vineyards. It was utilized as traditions post controlling the delivery on the Rhine, enhanced by the Mouse Tower underneath at the stream. Intensely harmed over the span of the Thirty Years' War, the palace was at long last crushed by French troops amid the 1689 Siege of Mainz.

8. Quedlinburg Castle

Quedlinburg Castle is an extensive Renaissance style working in the focal point of the old town. The stronghold dates from the sixteenth to seventeenth hundreds of years. As of now the mansion is a historical center, which flaunts the reestablished rooms of the building, each with unique furniture and fine arts.

9. Marburg Castle

Marburger Schloss was worked in the eleventh century as a stronghold. It turned into the principal living arrangement of Landgraviate of Hesse. Today the building is utilized incompletely as a historical center and as an occasion site.

10. Celle Castle

Sitting on an island encompassed by channels, Celle Castle was first alluded to in 1315, when the Dukes of Brunswick-Lueneburg moved their home from Lueneburg to Celle. In 1772, the expelled Danish Queen Caroline Mathilde was detained here as the consequence of her undertaking with a German court specialist. She lived here for a long time until her passing from red fever in 1775.

11. Marienburg Castle

In 1857, King George V gave his significant other Marienburg Castle for her 39th birthday celebration as a token of his standing adoration. Before the palace's finishing, the Prussians constrained King George V into outcast in Austria in 1866, with Queen Marie following her significant other a year later. Since 2004, Marienburg Castle has been in the ownership of the incredible extraordinary grandson of Queen Marie and King George V.

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