

What Is INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGIST?

An interventional cardiologist is a cardiologist with one to two years of further education and training in cardiovascular disease and congenital (present at birth) and structural heart conditions through catheter-based procedures, such as angioplasty and stenting.

What kinds of procedures do interventional cardiologists do?

Types of Interventional Cardiology Procedures

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There are several main interventional cardiology procedures, including the following:

Angioplasty and Stenting

A slender, long tube is inserted into your wrist or leg through a blood vessel and guided to your heart or other areas in your body. The doctor injects you through your arteries for guidance while he performs the stenting procedure. The catheter has a balloon at the tip which inflates to stretch your artery open and increase blood flow to your heart. He then places a stent (small metal mesh cylinder) into your vessel so it stays open.

atherectomy

Best Cardiologists in London place a burr or rotary shaver at the tip of a catheter and guide it to the area that is affected to get rid of plaque that is built-up in the walls of your artery. A laser catheter could be used in some cases to vaporize the plate.

Embolic Protection

Occasionally, if your body is being treated in your carotid arteries or bypassed graft, the doctor will use specialized devices such as to prevent the plaque from breaking your blood.

Percutaneous Valve Repair

You have four valves in your heart that controls your blood flow through your heart chambers. Catheters are used to guide you through your blood vessels. Doctors then repair your valve so your blood can start flowing properly again using these devices.

Balloon Angioplasty

Iny balloon is inserted into your blocked artery during this procedure to create space. The plate is compressed by the balloon against your artery wall to improve your blood flow. The doctor then takes the balloon out of your body after the procedure is completed.

Is Interventional Cardiology Invasive? A cardiologist is not a surgeon. A cardiac surgeon is a different specialist who performs the actual physical heart surgery. ... Others specialize in adult cardiology. There are three main types of cardiology: invasive, non-invasive, and interventional.

What is the difference between a cardiologist and an interventional cardiologist?

An interventional cardiologist is a cardiologist with one to two years of further education and training in cardiovascular disease and congenital (present at birth) and structural heart conditions through catheter-based procedures, such as angioplasty and stenting.

However, they are both trained in the field of interventional cardiology, invasive procedures, and other cardiologists. Continue reading to learn more about these different professions

Cardiologists and interventional cardiologists both spend time seeing patients. Cardiologists spend more on their time with patients in medical services and preventative strategies to help patients stop cardiovascular conditions from progressing.

Cardiologists who identify patients with serious conditions can refer their patients to an interventional cardiologist for treatment. Therefore, interventional cardiologists typically spend most of their time performing tests and procedures on these patients, such as balloon angioplasties. While

they are going to be able to see the patients and the patients before and after the procedures, they will do their work in the hospital.

About the Author

[Dr. Boon Lim has been](#) voted a Doctor in Cardiology 2017 by his peers and awarded certificate of excellence for care provision by patients in 2018, Dr. Lim is an experienced London cardiologist with a passion and specialist interest in syncope and arrhythmia.

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